INSTAN SIS

Product Instruction

Fentanyl/Xylazine/Nitazene Test Kit

Ref. No: KFXN25 For Forensic Use Only. Not for IVD

WARNING: THIS TEST DOES NOT EVALUATE DRUG SAFETY OR PURITY

[INTENDED USE]

Instanosis Fentanyl/Xylazine/Nitazene Test Kit is a rapid immunoassay visual test for the qualitative detection of fentanyl, xylazine and nitazene in suspicious substances at the cut-off concentration of 2 ng/ml for fentanyl, 10 ng/ml for xylazine and 50 ng/ml for nitazene. The kit provides the components needed for the sample preparation and substance test.

[COMPONENTS]

- Individually packed test strips
- Sample vials
- Droppers
- Cotton swabs
- Product Instruction

[ITEMS MAY BE NEEDED BUT NOT PROVIDED]

Water

[PROCEDURE AND RESULT INTERPRETATION]

Follow the Instructions on the back

The following compounds were found not to cause false positive when tested at a concentration of $100 \,\mu$ g/ml or higher:

1-(3-chlorophenyl) Piperazine	Desipramine	Loperamide	Pentazocine
2-methoxymethcathinone	Dextromethorphan	Maprotiline	Perphenazine
6-Acetyl morphine	Diclofenac	M-Chlorophenylpiperazine	phenacetin
Acetaminophen	Diflunisal	MDMA	Phencyclidine
Acetone	Digoxin	Medetomidine	Phenelzine
Acetophenetidin	Dihydrocodeine	Meperidine	Phenobarbital
Acetylsalicylic acid	Diphenhydramine	Meprobamate	Pipamperone
Albumin	DL-Tryptophan	Metamizole	Prednisone
Albuterol	DL-Tyrosine	Methadone	Procaine
Aminopyrine	Doxepin	Methamphetamine	Propoxyphene
Amitriptyline	Duloxetine	Methapyrilene	Propranolol
Amobarbital	Ecgonine methyl ester	Methaqualone	Pseudoephedrine
Amoxicillin	EDDP	Methoxyphenamine	Quinidine
		Metonitazene citrate	
Amphetamine	EMDP	(except for nitazene)	Quinine
Ampicillin	Ephedrine	Metronidazole	Ranitidine
Apomorphine	Erythromycin	Morphine	Riboflavin
Ascorbic acid	Ethanol	Morphine-3-glucuronide	Risperidone (except for fentanyl)
Aspartame	Etomidate	N-Acetylprocainamide	Salicylic acid
Atropine	Fenoprofen	NaCl	Secobarbital
Benzilicacid	Fentanyl (except for fentanyl)	Nalidixicacid	Serotonin
Benzocaine	Fluoxetine	Naloxone	Sulfamethazine
Benzoic acid	Fluphenazine	Naltrexone	Sulindac
Benzoylecgonine	Furosemide	Naproxen	Tapentadol
Bilirubin	Galactose	Niacinamide	Tetrahydrocortisone
Boric acid	Gamma globulin	Nicotine	Tetrahydrocortisone 3-acetate
Buprenorphine	Gentisic acid	Nifedipine	Tetrahydrozoline
Buprenorphineglucuronide	Glucose	Norbuprenorphine	Theophylline
Bupropion	Haloperidol	Norcodeine	Thiamine
Caffeine	Hemoglobin	Norethindrone	Thioridazine
Carbamazepine	Heroin	Norketamine	Tilidine
Ceftriaxone	Hydralazine	Normeperidine	Tramadol
Chloral hydrate	Hydrochlorothiazide	Normorphine	Tramadol-N-Desmethyl
Chloramphenicol	Hydrocodone	Noroxycodone	Tramadol-O-Desmethyl
Chlorothiazide	Hydrocortisone	Nortriptyline	Trazodone
Chlorpromazine	Hydromorphone	Noscapine	Triamterene

[SAMPLE PREPARATION]

The below preparation procedure is also illustrated on the back

- For liquid samples, use directly.
- For powders, wet the swab and dip into the samples to collect. There
 should be visible powder on the swab.
- For pills, completely swab the surfaces on both sides with the wet swab.
 Alternatively, scratch the surfaces with a knife and collect with the wet swab.
- For syringes and needles, completely swab the tip. If there is residual liquid, inject onto the swab.
- For cookers and spoons, completely swab the surfaces with the wet swab.
- For others, completely swab the surfaces with the web swab.

[LIMITATIONS]

- The product is for forensic use and should only be used for the qualitative detection of fentanyl, xylazine and nitazene.
- A contaminated or tainted sample may give false results.
- Technical or procedural errors may cause false results.
- Other chemicals may interfere with the test and cause false results.
- This test provides only a preliminary result. A more specific alternative
 method must be used to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Clinical
 consideration and professional judgment should be exercised with any
 drug of abuse test result, particularly when the preliminary test result is
 positive. Gas or liquid chromatography/mass spectrometry is the preferred
 confirmatory method.

[PRECISION]

Test precision was determined by blind tests with control spiked solutions. Solutions with fentanyl concentration at 50% of the cut-off (1 ng/ml) yielded negative results. Solutions with fentanyl concentration at 150% of the cut-off (3 ng/ml) yielded positive results. Solutions with xylazine concentration at 50% of the cut-off (5 ng/ml) yielded negative results. Solutions with xylazine concentration at 150% of the cut-off (15 ng/ml) yielded positive results. Solutions with nitazene concentration at 50% of the cut-off (25 ng/ml) yielded negative results. Solutions with nitazene concentration at 150% of the cut-off (75 ng/ml) yielded positive results.

[SPECIFICITY]

The following compounds were identified to cause false positive results for fentanyl at 5 minutes when tested at indicated concentrations: risperidone: 10 µg/ml; isoxsuprine: 10 µg/ml

The following compounds were identified to cause false positive results for xylazine at 5 minutes when tested at indicated concentration: clonidine: $0.35 \ \mu g/ml$

Cholesterol	Hydroxytyramine	Octopamine	Trifluoperazine
Ciprofloxacin	Ibuprofen	Ofloxacin	Trimethoprim
Clomipramine	Imipramine	O-Hydroxyhippuric acid	Tyramine
Clonidin (except for xylazine)	Isoproterenol	Oxalic acid	Urea
Cocaine	Isotonitazene (except for nitazene)	Oxazepam	Uric acid
Codeine	Isoxsuprine (except for fentanyl)	Oxolinic acid	Valproic acid
Cortisone	Ketamine	Oxycodone	Venlafaxine
Cotinine	Ketoprofen	Oxymetazoline	Verapamil
Creatinine	Labetalol	Oxymorphone	Xylazine (except for xylazine)
Cyclobenzaprine	Levorphanol	Papaverine	Zomepirac
Deoxycorticosterone	Lidocaine	Penicillin G	β-Estradiol

SYMBOL	MEANING	
	Consult instruction for use	
LOT	Batch code	
REF	Catalog number	
8	Do not reuse	
36°F 2°C 30°C	Store between 36-86°F (2-30°C)	
\Box	Use by date	
®	Do not use if package is damaged	

Manufactured By:

Instanosis Inc. www.instanosis.com Email: support@instanosis.com Toll Free: 1-800-946-5430 Hours of Operation: Monday – Friday 9am – 5pm (EST) For Liquid, put 10 drops (about 0.3 ml) in the vial and directly proceed to Step 3.

For **Solid Samples**, put 10 drops of water in the vial first and continue...

About 0.3 ml, below the 0.5 ml line

1.0



Wet a swab with water, and apply it to the different forms of samples

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For **Syringes and needles**, swab the tip. If there is residual liquid, inject it on the swab

with the swab

on the swab

For Powders, dip the wet swab in and

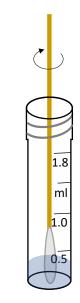
For Pills, swab the surface on both

sides. Alternatively, scratch the pill

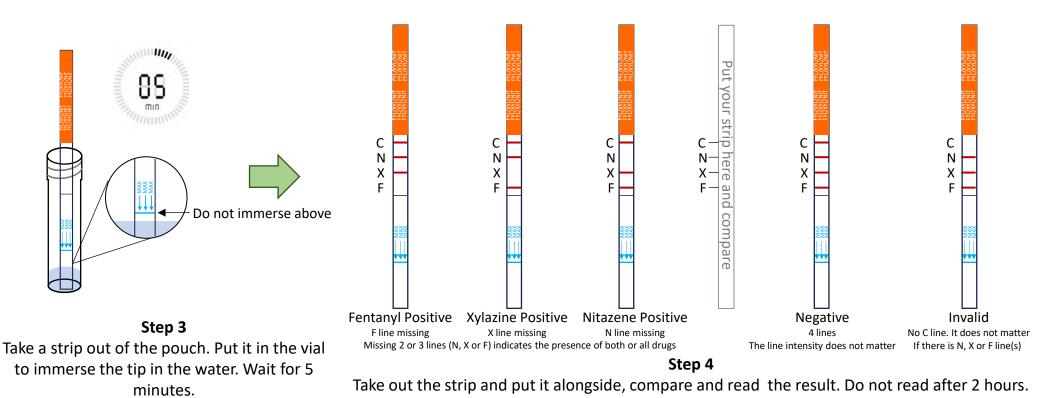
with a knife and collect the debris

out, there should be visible powder

For **Cookers, Spoons or Others**, completely swab the surfaces



Step 2 Put the swap in the vial, stir to completely dissolve. Then discard the swab.



Sample preparation

Step 1